Health and Safety Checklist

- Designate a Safety Officer and inform Volunteers who that person is and provide contact details of the Safety Officer.
- 2. Survey site beforehand to determine specific hazards.
- 3. There should be a safety briefing before all clean-ups, especially for new volunteers.
- **4.** Ensure that all volunteers are aware of who is responsible for the First Aid kit and where to find it.
- 5. Wear good gloves to keep hands clean.
- **6.** Wear High Visibility clothing Be Safe Be Seen.
- 7. Do not touch broken glass, syringes or unidentified containers. Report same to Safety officer. Keep yourself clean by not touching litter and by wearing gloves. Always wash your hands after clean-up and before you eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid touching face or eyes when working.
- **8. Road Traffic:** Stay off roads where possible. High visibility clothing will help you be seen, but it does not make you bulletproof.
- **9. Manual handling:** Take your time and don't do too much. If something is heavy don't struggle; ask for help.
- **10. Water Clean-ups:** Never enter the water when working in a canal or river clean-ups. Never work on your own. Use "Buddy" system
- 11. Always ensure that a number of people are with you when cleaning canals or river.
 - i. Anyone using kayak or canoe must be trained and experienced.
 - ii. Do not try to access areas that are difficult.
 - iii. Beware of Weil's disease. If you feel flu like, consult a Doctor immediately

- 12. When working on the coast, watch the tide. In some areas, the tide may come in and cut you from the shore.
- 13. Caution: Persons under 18 years should be supervised at least a ratio of at least one adult to every five children.
- **14.** Any containers or drums that look as if they may be hazardous should not be touched. Keep people away and contact the coastguard or county council.
- **15.** Ensure that one member of the clean-up has a working mobile and check that there is signal before starting the clean-up.
- 16. Report all accidents to the Safety Officer.

Health and Safety Risk Assessment

The level of risk of an activity is dependent upon two factors; the probability that harm will occur and the severity of that harm.

The following form should be completed for each risk associated with a planned activity so that risks and precautions are identified and understood. This form should also be used as guidance for Health and Safety briefings prior to any projects/activities clean up activity.

Name:
Group:
Location:

Have all members received a Health and Safety Briefing?	Is there clean water on site or are antiseptic wipes available?	
Where is the nearest phone?	If near water is there a throw line on site?	
Is there a First Aid kit available?	Is there a sharps box available? (for syringes, etc)	

What is the potential hazard?	Probability of risk High/Medium/Lo w	Severity of injury High/Medium/Lo w	What precautions could be taken to lessen the risk?	Is the risk acceptable, i.e. should the project/activity go ahead? YES / NO
E.g. Cuts and scrapes	Medium	Low	All volunteers wear gloves Provision of a sharps box for broken glass etc	Yes

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What is the potential hazard?	Probability of risk High/Medium/Lo w	Severity of injury High/Medium/Lo W	What precautions could be taken to lessen the risk?	Is the risk acceptable, i.e. should the project/activity go ahead? YES / NO